

New world record in 5G wireless spectrum efficiency

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A team of 5G engineers from the Universities of Bristol and Lund has once again set a new world record for wireless spectrum efficiency, less than two months after setting the first one.

In an experiment last week [Wednesday 11 May] using 128 base station antennas, the research group managed to serve 22 users, each modulated



with 256-QAM, on the same time-frequency resource. With an identical frame structure they used in the previous experiment, this would equate to a rate of 145.6 bits/s/Hz on a single 20 MHz radio channel.

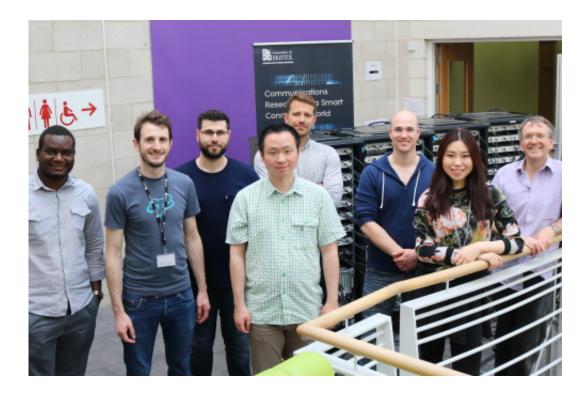
The team beat its earlier record of 79.4 (bits/s)/Hz for 12 users set in March, and the rate of 71 (bits/s)/Hz that Facebook achieved for 24 users last month with its 96-antenna ARIES array.

Multiple antenna technology, referred to as MIMO, is already used in many Wi-Fi routers and 4G cellular phone systems. The group's latest achievement with massive MIMO arrays, which are cellular base stations with dozens of antennas deployed at the base station, shows that this technology could deliver ultra-fast data speeds to more smartphones and tablets than ever before.

Industry has said it will require a 1,000-fold increase in capacity in order for 5G to function as anticipated. Massive MIMO technology is important if increased capacity is to be reached but it is thought that much of the 5G capacity can and will come in the longer term from using 5G technologies such as millimetre-wave (mmWave) and beamforming.

Professor Andrew Nix, Dean of Engineering and Head of the CSN Group, commented: "Unlike at mmWave frequencies, below 6GHz, very little new spectrum is anticipated for 5G services. To meet capacity demands in the microwave bands the only solution is to deploy technologies offering radically enhanced spectral efficiency; hence the global importance of massive MIMO and the significance of smashing through the 100 bits/sec/Hz barrier."





From left to right: Benny Chitambira, Paul Harris, Wael Boukley Hasan, Liang Liu, Joao Vieira, Steffen Malkowsky, Siming Zhang and Mark Beach

In its demonstration conducted in the atrium of Bristol's Merchant Venturers Building, the team used flexible prototyping platform from National Instruments (NI) based on LabVIEW system design software and PXI hardware.

The hardware behind this demonstration was provided to Bristol University as part of Bristol Is Open, a joint venture with Bristol City Council that aims to become the world's first Open Programmable City

Spectrum and power efficient wireless communications are core to Bristol University's Communication Systems and Networks (CSN) Group and the EPSRC Centre for Doctoral Training (CDT in Communications as well as to the Department of Electrical and Information Technology at Lund University.



Liang Liu, Associate Professor with the Faculty of Engineering at Lund University, said: "In addition to investigating spectrum efficiency gains, an initial power control algorithm was tested, users were placed in different locations and use of the equipment over night to obtain calibration data for comparison purposes with the Lund set-up"

Fredrik Tufvesson, Professor of Radio Systems at Lund University, added: "Field trials in different deployment scenarios is needed to validate the concept of massive MIMO and we are looking forward to the future mobility test at both universities"

Ove Edfors, Professor of Radio Systems at Lund University, commented: "A true team work that with great results. Our postgraduate students Joao Vieira and Steffen Malkowsky did a great job together with the Bristol team, Paul Harris, Benny Chitambira Wael Boukley Hasan, Henry Brice, Siming Zhang and our host Mark Beach."

Mark Beach, Professor of Radio Systems Engineering in the Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering and Manager of the EPSRC CDT in Communications, explained: "Rapid deployment and experimentation of this scale and complexity was made possible through collaborative efforts of post graduate students and academic staff at both Universities. The results are a true testament of our efforts and a noteworthy contribution towards the evolution of 5G."

Provided by University of Bristol

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