

# MELT 3-D printer designed for use in microgravity

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Europe's first 3D printer designed for use in weightlessness, printing aerospace-quality plastics, has won the prestigious Aerospace Applications Award from design-to-manufacturing specialist TCT

Magazine.

ESA's Manufacturing of Experimental Layer Technology (MELT) project printer has to be able to operate from any orientation – up, down or sideways – in order to serve in [microgravity](#) conditions aboard the International Space Station. Based on the 'fuse filament fabrication' process, it has been designed to fit within a standard ISS payload rack, and to meet the Station's rigorous safety standards.

The MELT printer can print a wide variety of thermoplastics from ABS (Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene), as used in Lego, up to high-melting point engineering thermoplastics such as PEEK (Polyether ether ketone), which is robust enough to substitute for metal materials in some cases.

"This printer could be used to make parts on demand for the repair and maintenance of a long-duration orbital habitat," explains ESA materials and processes engineer Ugo Lafont. "This printer would also benefit human bases on planetary surfaces. Crucially, it can also print using recycled plastics, allowing a whole new maintenance strategy based on closed-loop reuse of materials."

The [printer](#) was produced for ESA by a consortium led by Sonaca Space GmbH together with BeeVeryCreative, Active Space Technologies SA and OHB-System AG.

The MELT project was supported through ESA's Technology Development Element programme, which identifies promising technologies for [space](#), then demonstrates their workability.

Provided by European Space Agency

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