

# Artificial intelligence for machine tool maintenance

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Demonstration of the system developed at KIT for fully automatic wear control of ball screws by using artificial intelligence. Credit: KIT

In mechanical engineering, maintaining and replacing defective components timely in machine tools is an important part of the manufacturing process. In the case of ball screw drives, such as those used in lathes to precisely guide the production of cylindrical components, wear has until now been determined manually.

"Maintenance is therefore associated with installation work, which means the machine comes to a standstill," says Professor Jürgen Fleischer from the Institute for Production Technology (wbk) at the Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT). "Our approach, on the other hand, integrates an intelligent camera system directly into the drive, which enables a user to continuously monitor the spindle status. If there is a need for action, the system informs the user automatically."

The new system combines a camera with [light source](#) attached to the nut of the drive and an [artificial intelligence](#) (AI) that evaluates the image data. As the nut moves on the spindle, it takes individual pictures of each spindle section, enabling the analysis of the entire spindle surface.

## **Artificial intelligence for mechanical engineering**

Combining image data from ongoing operations with machine-learning methods enables system users to assess directly the condition of the spindle surface. "We trained our algorithm with thousands of images so that it can now confidently distinguish between spindles with defects and those without," says Tobias Schlagenhauf (wbk), who helped development the system. "By further evaluating the image data, we can precisely qualify and interpret wear and thus distinguish if discoloration is simply dirt or harmful pitting." When training the AI, the team took account of all conceivable forms of visible degeneration and validated the algorithm's functionality with new [image data](#) that the model had never seen before. The algorithm is suitable for all applications that identify image-based defects on the spindle surface and is transferrable

to other applications.

From 20 to 24 April at Hannover Messe 2020, KIT shows what is possible with intelligent spindle monitoring in ball screw drives at Stand C14 in Hall 25 (Research & Development). Furthermore, KIT organizes an energy pavilion at Stand L51 in Hall 27 27 (Integrated Energy), as well as other topic-specific exhibits.

Provided by Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

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