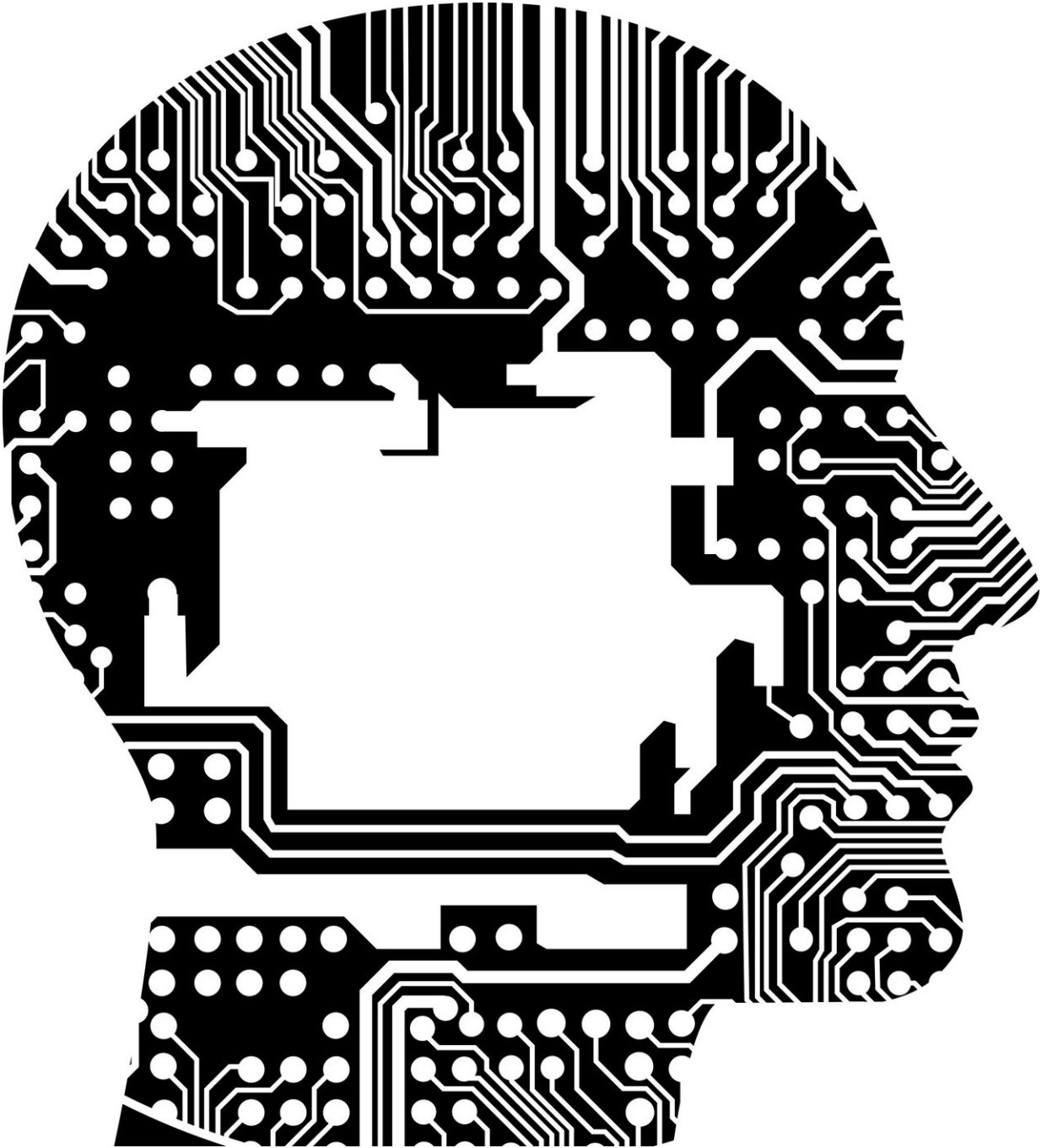


New data processing module makes deep neural networks smarter

September 16 2020, by Matt Shipman



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Artificial intelligence researchers at North Carolina State University

have improved the performance of deep neural networks by combining feature normalization and feature attention modules into a single module that they call attentive normalization (AN). The hybrid module improves the accuracy of the system significantly, while using negligible extra computational power.

"Feature normalization is a [crucial element](#) of training deep neural networks, and feature attention is equally important for helping networks highlight which features learned from raw data are most important for accomplishing a given task," says Tianfu Wu, corresponding author of a paper on the work and an assistant professor of electrical and computer engineering at NC State. "But they have mostly been treated separately. We found that combining them made them more efficient and effective."

To test their AN module, the researchers plugged it into four of the most widely used neural [network](#) architectures: ResNets, DenseNets, MobileNetsV2 and AOGNets. They then tested the networks against two industry standard benchmarks: the ImageNet-1000 classification [benchmark](#) and the MS-COCO 2017 object detection and instance segmentation benchmark.

"We found that AN improved performance for all four architectures on both benchmarks," Wu says. "For example, top-1 accuracy in the ImageNet-1000 improved by between 0.5% and 2.7%. And Average Precision (AP) accuracy increased by up to 1.8% for bounding box and 2.2% for semantic mask in MS-COCO."

"Another advantage of AN is that it facilitates better transfer learning between different domains," Wu says. "For example, from image classification in ImageNet to object detection and semantic segmentation in MS-COCO. This is illustrated by the [performance improvement](#) in the MS-COCO benchmark, which was obtained by fine-tuning ImageNet-

pretrained deep neural networks in MS-COCO, a common workflow in state-of-the-art computer vision.

"We have released the [source code](#) and hope our AN will lead to better integrative design of [deep neural networks](#)."

The paper, "[Attentive Normalization](#)," was presented at the European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV), which was held online Aug. 23-28. The paper was co-authored by Xilai Li, a recent Ph.D. graduate from NC State; and by Wei Sun, a Ph.D. student at NC State.

Provided by North Carolina State University

Citation: New data processing module makes deep neural networks smarter (2020, September 16) retrieved 5 May 2024 from <https://techxplore.com/news/2020-09-module-deep-neural-networks-smarter.html>

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