Novel flexible terahertz camera can inspect objects with diverse shapes

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The unique 2D THz camera patch can ease the restrictions pertaining to the shapes and locations of measurement samples. The proposed technology can potentially create a new research direction on all-around sheetsensors by incorporating THz, thermal, strain, and biochemical sensors through the self-aligned filtration process. Credit: Tokyo Tech

In today's digital age, the use of "Internet-of-things" (devices embedded with softwares and sensors) has become widespread. These devices



include wireless equipment, autonomous machinery, wearable sensors, and security systems. With their intricate structures and properties stems the need to scrutinize them closely to assess their safety and utility and rule out any potential defects. But, at the same time, damage to the device during inspection must be avoided.

Terahertz (THz) imaging, based on radiation with frequencies between 0.1 and 10 THz, is one such non-destructive method that is rapidly gaining popularity owing to its high penetration, resolution, and sensitivity. Conventional THz cameras, however, are bulky and rigid, thereby limiting their potential in imaging uneven surfaces. Moreover, their high cost and lack of versatility in sensor configurations make them a rather impractical alternative, calling for more adaptable sensors.

To this end, a team of researchers from the Tokyo Tech, led by Associate Professor Yukio Kawano, have now addressed this gap by designing a flexible and free standing THz sensor array that can be used to image blind ends of irregularly shaped objects.

Ecstatic about their findings published in *Advanced Functional Materials*, Dr. Kawano states, "Given the diversity in shapes, structures, and sizes of test objects, the <u>camera design</u> and sensor must be adapted to conform to different configurations. In our study, we have developed a simple and cost-effective fabrication method for generating THz cameras with adaptable shapes."

The scientists knew that the material used in such sensors must have good absorption in the THz spectrum along with a high efficiency of converting emissions into detectable electric signals. For this reason, they selected carbon nanotube (CNT) <u>films</u>, which also possess good mechanical strength and flexibility. They passed the CNT solution through a polyimide film with laser induced slits and a membrane filter using a vacuum. Upon drying, the CNT solution remained as a free



standing suspended structure between the layers of the patterned polyimide film. Further, they developed a simple fabrication process based on the self-assembly of CNT film array and its ability to from electrodes at both ends. For this, they evaporated metal electrodes over the patterned polyimide film. Together, these processes generated a THz camera patch sheet with multiple cameras. Interestingly, the structure of the suspended CNT film could be modified by altering the filtering conditions and thus the frictional force, making the process customizable.

Moreover, the patch sheet could be cut with scissors into smaller portable and wearable <u>sensors</u> that can be attached to the surface of the test object for better coverage. The researchers were able to demonstrate its <u>industrial applications</u> by detecting and visualizing cracks, impurities and uneven coating of polymers in a resin and by detecting sludge within a bent pipe, thus underscoring the potential of the camera in quality control operations.

Highlighting the applications of their design, Dr. Kawano remarks, "Our patch camera can be easily set up for imaging of large and unmovable objects. The unique 2-D THz camera patch can ease restrictions pertaining to the shapes and locations of objects, contributing significantly to non-destructive monitoring sensor networks."

More information: Daichi Suzuki et al, A Terahertz Video Camera Patch Sheet with an Adjustable Design based on Self-Aligned, 2D, Suspended Sensor Array Patterning, *Advanced Functional Materials* (2021). DOI: 10.1002/adfm.202008931

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