

# 'Neutrobots' smuggle drugs to the brain without alerting the immune system

April 1 2021, by Bob Yirka

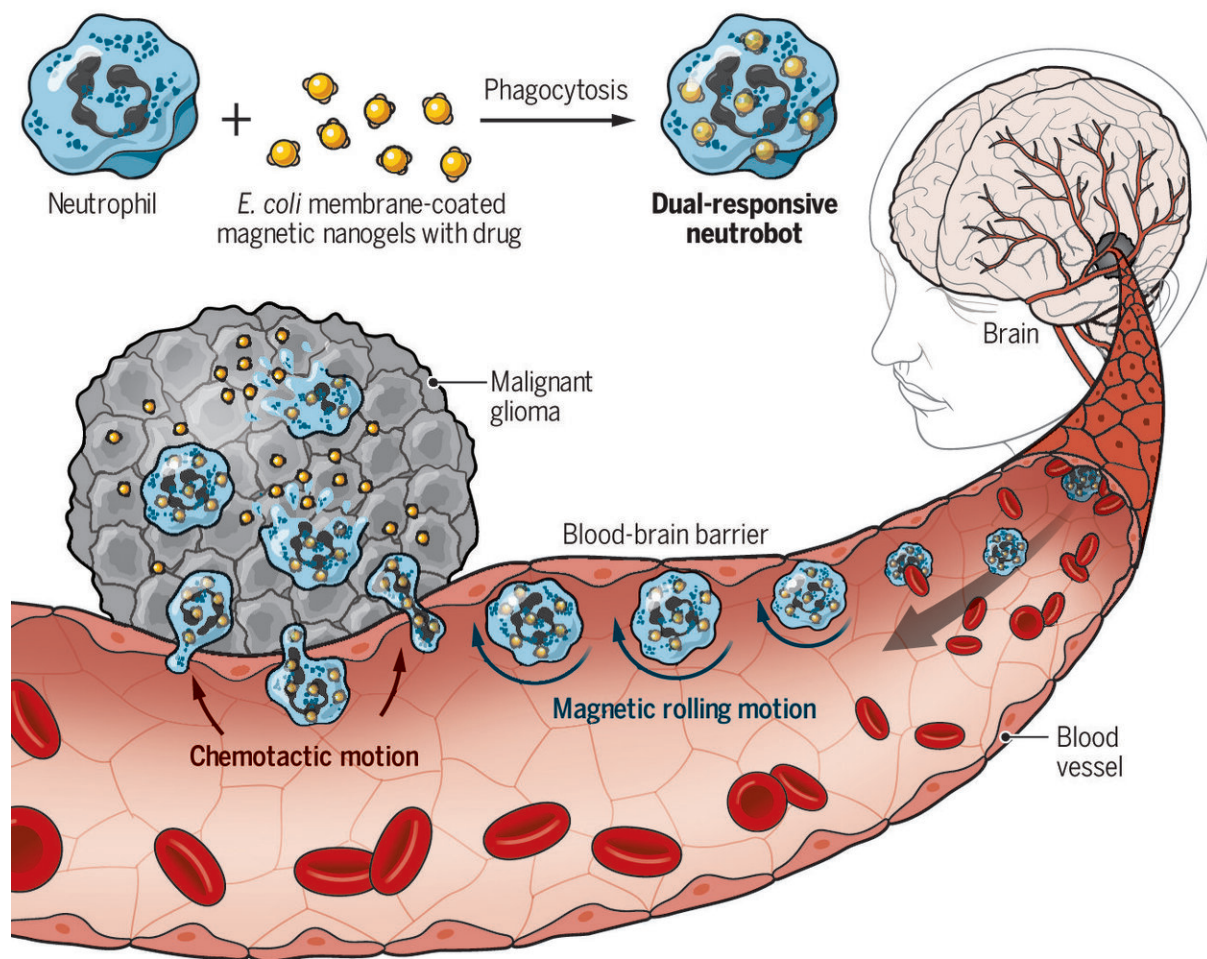
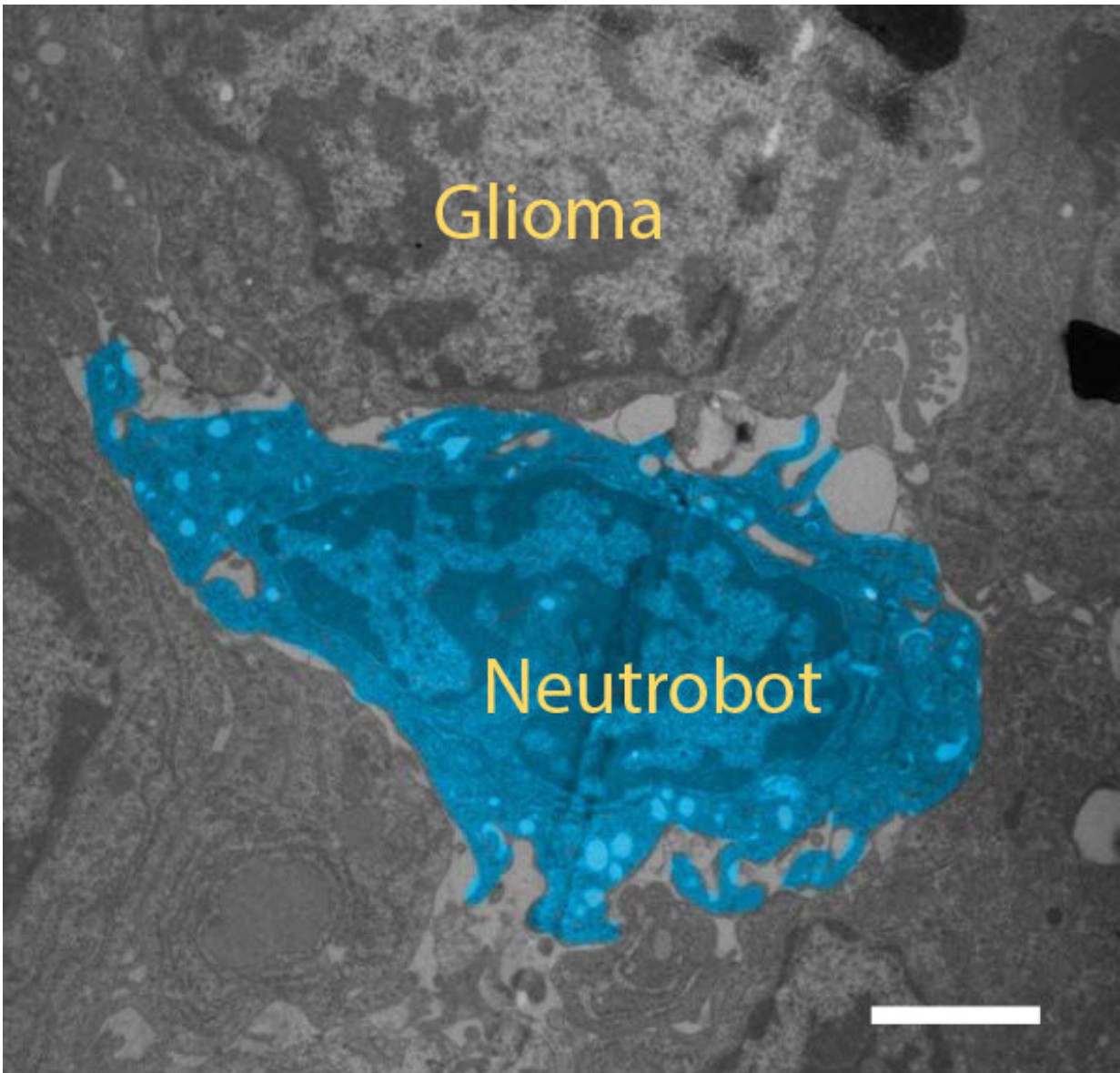


Illustration of a future scenario of adopting dual-responsive neutrobots for targeted drug therapy in the treatment of malignant gliomas. Credit: Kellie Holoski / Science Robotics

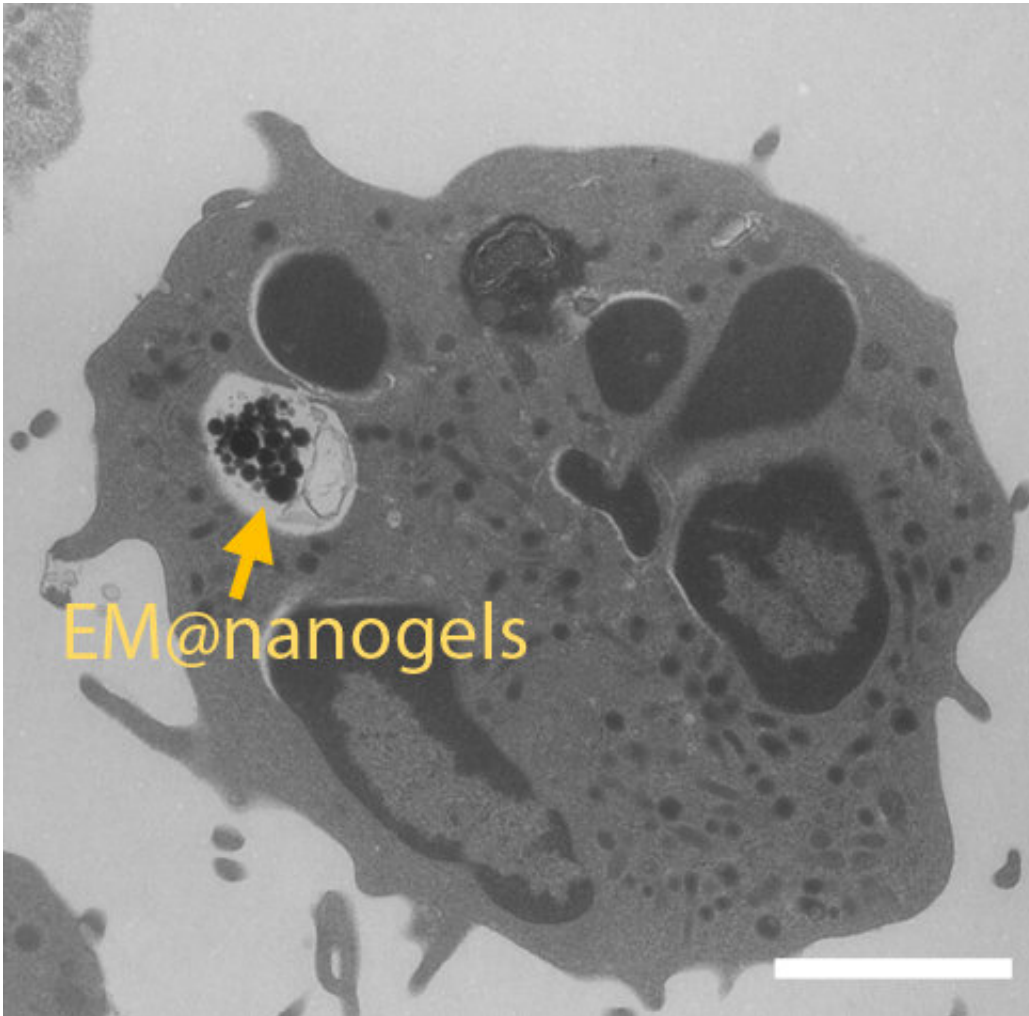
A team of researchers from the Harbin Institute of Technology along with partners at the First Affiliated Hospital of Harbin Medical University, both in China, has developed a tiny robot that can ferry cancer drugs through the blood-brain barrier (BBB) without setting off an immune reaction. In their paper published in the journal *Science Robotics*, the group describes their robot and tests with mice. Junsun Hwang and Hongsoo Choi, with the Daegu Gyeongbuk Institute of Science and Technology in Korea, have published a Focus piece in the same journal issue on the work done by the team in China.

For many years, medical scientists have sought ways to deliver drugs to the brain to treat health conditions such as brain cancers. Because the brain is protected by the skull, it is extremely difficult to inject them directly. Researchers have also been stymied in their efforts by the BBB—a filtering mechanism in the capillaries that supply blood to the brain and [spinal cord](#) that blocks foreign substances from entering. Thus, simply injecting drugs into the bloodstream is not an option. In this new effort, the researchers used a defense cell type that naturally passes through the BBB to carry drugs to the brain.

To build their tiny robots, the researchers exposed groups of white blood cells called neutrophils to tiny bits of magnetic nanogel particles coated with fragments of *E. coli* material. Upon exposure, the neutrophils naturally encased the tiny robots, believing them to be nothing but *E. coli* bacteria. The microrobots were then injected into the bloodstream of a test mouse with a cancerous tumor. The team then applied a [magnetic field](#) to the robots to direct them through the BBB, where they were not attacked, as the [immune system](#) identified them as normal neutrophils, and into the brain and the tumor. Once there, the robots released their cancer-fighting drugs.



A neutrobot located in the glioma tissue in mice. Credit: Zhang et al., Sci Robot. 6, eaaz9519 (2021)



An image of a neutrobot with E. coli membrane-coated magnetic nanogels.  
Credit: Zhang et al., *Sci Robot.* 6, eaaz9519 (2021)

The development of the neutrobots, as the researchers call them, is a major breakthrough in the treatment of brain diseases. The researchers plan to continue their efforts with mice with an eye toward testing their tiny robots on human patients.

**More information:** Hongyue Zhang et al. Dual-responsive biohybrid neutrobots for active target delivery, *Science Robotics* (2021). [DOI:](#)

[10.1126/scirobotics.aaz9519](https://doi.org/10.1126/scirobotics.aaz9519)

Junsun Hwang et al. Neutrobots smuggle drugs across biological barriers, *Science Robotics* (2021). DOI: [10.1126/scirobotics.abh0286](https://doi.org/10.1126/scirobotics.abh0286)

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