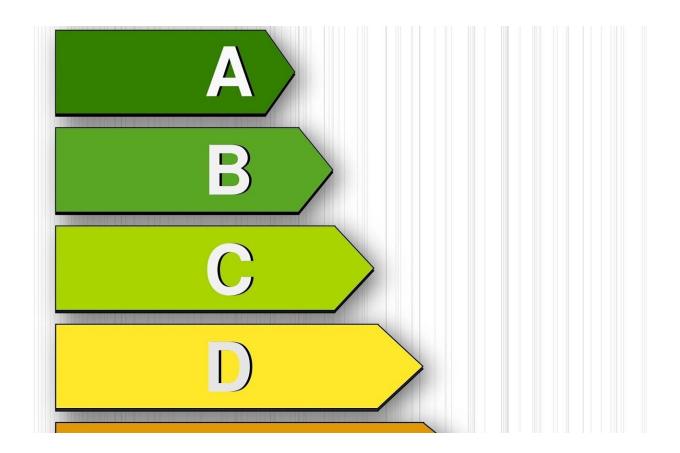


New AI system predicts building energy rates in less than a second

July 27 2021, by Megan Cox



Credit: Pixabay/CC0 Public Domain

At a time when the UK is trying to reach net zero by 2050, the timely, accurate calculation of energy efficiency is a vital component of the design process for new and refurbished buildings.



Computer scientists at Loughborough University have teamed up with multi-disciplinary engineering consultancy, <u>Cundall</u>, to create an artificial intelligence system that can predict building emissions rates (BER) – an important value used to calculate building energy performance—of non-domestic buildings.

Current methods can take hours to days to produce BERs and are generated by manually inputting hundreds of variables.

Dr. Georgina Cosma and postgraduate student Kareem Ahmed, of the School of Science, have designed and trained an AI model to predict BER values with 27 inputs with little loss in accuracy.

Better yet, the proposed AI model—which was created with the support of Cundall's Head of Research and Innovation, Edwin Wealend, and trained using large-scale data obtained from UK government energy performance assessments—can generate a BER value almost instantly.

Dr. Cosma says the research "is an important first step towards the use of machine learning tools for energy prediction in the UK" and it shows how data can "improve current processes in the construction industry".

So, what is a BER and why is it important?

To understand the importance of BERs, we must first discuss energy performance certificates (EPC).

In the UK, an EPC must be completed every time a building is sold, rented, or constructed. It provides an indication of the energy efficiency of a building, contains information about the building's typical energy costs, and recommends ways to make it more energy-efficient.

One of the most useful values returned is the asset rating—a number that



gives a simple overall energy rating for a building and the number is banded (A+ to G) and colour-coded for ease of interpretation.

However, producing this rating can be a slow process as the calculation requires the building emission rate (BER) – which, as mentioned, can take hours to days to generate, depending on the complexity of the building.

The AI model

In their latest paper, Dr. Cosma and team show their AI system can generate a BER for non-domestic buildings in less than a second and with as few as 27 variables with little loss in accuracy—making it a much faster and efficient process.

They used a 'decision tree-based ensemble' machine algorithm and built and validated the system using 81,137 real data records that contain information for non-domestic buildings over the whole of England from 2010 to 2019. The data contained information such as <u>building</u> capacity, location, heating, cooling lighting, and activity.

The team focused on calculating the rates for non-domestic buildings—such as shops, offices, factories, schools, restaurants, hospitals, and cultural institutions—as these are some of the most inefficient buildings in the UK in terms of energy use, so understanding how to improve their efficiency can be useful in design and renovation processes.

The project findings were presented at <u>The Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers (CIBSE) Technical Symposium 2021</u> and the paper is to be published on CIBSE's website later this year.

Dr. Cosma commented: "Studies on the applications of machine learning



on energy prediction of buildings exist, but these are limited, and even though they only make up 8% of all buildings, non-domestic buildings account for 20% of UK's total CO_2 emissions."

Cundall's Edwin Wealend continued: "Eventually, we hope to build on the techniques developed in this project to predict real operational energy consumption.

"By predicting the energy consumption and emissions of non-domestic buildings quickly and accurately, we can focus our energy on the more important task—reducing <u>energy</u> consumption and reaching Net Zero."

More information: Predicting the Building Emission Rate of Non-Domestic Buildings Using Machine Learning, The Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers (CIBSE) Technical Symposium 2021, www.cibse.org/technical-symposium

Provided by Loughborough University

Citation: New AI system predicts building energy rates in less than a second (2021, July 27) retrieved 27 July 2024 from https://techxplore.com/news/2021-07-ai-energy.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.