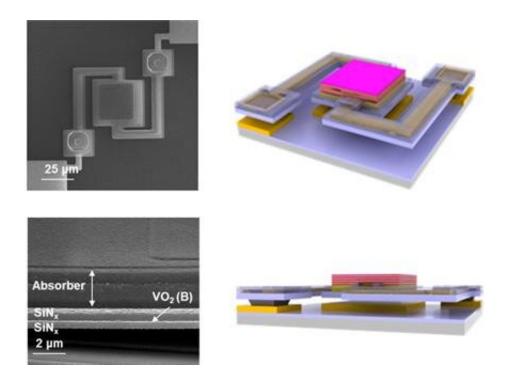


Development of a novel technology to check body temperature with smartphone camera

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Electron microscope (left) and formula (right) of bolometer device. Credit: Korea Institute of Science and Technology (KIST)

Thermal-imaging sensors that detect and capture images of the heat signatures of human bodies and other subjects have recently sprung into use in thermostats to check facial temperatures for contactless COVID-19 screening at building entrances. Under these circumstances, the smartphone industry is actively considering the incorporation of such sensors as portable features to create the add-on function of measuring



temperature in real time. Additionally, the application of such technology to autonomous vehicles may facilitate safer autonomous driving.

A research team led by Dr. Won Jun Choi at the Center for Opto-Electronic Materials and Devices in the Korea Institute of Science and Technology (KIST) has developed a thermal-imaging sensor that overcomes the existing problems of price and operating-temperature limitations through <u>collaborative research</u> with the team of Prof. Jeong Min Baik from Sungkyunkwan University (SKKU). The sensor developed in this work can operate at temperatures up to 100 degrees Celsius without a cooling device and is expected to be more affordable than standard <u>sensors</u> on the market, which would in turn pave the way for its application to smartphones and autonomous vehicles.

To be integrated with the hardware of smartphones and autonomous vehicles, sensors must operate stably without any difficulties at high temperatures of 85 degrees Celsius and 125 degrees Celsius, respectively. For conventional thermal-imaging sensors to meet this criterion, an independent cooling device would be required. However, high-end cooling devices of sufficient quality come at a price of over 2 million Korean won; even such devices do not make the sensor suitable for operations at temperatures as high as 85 degrees Celsius. Therefore, the conventional thermal-imaging sensors have not been applied in these fields.

A joint research team from KIST and SKKU has developed a device using a vanadium dioxide (VO₂)-B film that is stable at 100 degrees Celsius. This device detects and converts the infrared light generated by heat into electrical signals; this eliminates the need for cooling devices, which account for over 10% of the cost of thermal-imaging sensors and consume large amounts of electricity. The device was able to obtain the same level of infrared signals at 100 degrees Celsius as at room



temperature. Furthermore, as a result of fabricating and using an infrared absorber that can absorb as much external <u>infrared light</u> as possible, heat signatures were detected with three times more sensitivity and converted into <u>electrical signals</u>. The device shows around 3 milliseconds of response time even at 100 degrees Celsius, which is about 3~4 times faster than conventional ones. Such high response speeds enable the device to capture <u>thermal images</u> at 100 frames per second, far exceeding the conventional level of 30-40 frames per second. This makes the device an interesting candidate for use in autonomous vehicles, as well.

Dr. Choi of the KIST says that "by means of our work with convergence research in this study, we have developed a technology that could dramatically reduce the production cost of thermal-imaging sensors. Our <u>device</u>, when compared to more conventional ones, has superior responsivity and operating speed. We expect this to accelerate the use of thermal-imaging sensors in the military supply, smartphone, and autonomous vehicle industries."

More information: Hye Jin Lee et al, Wide-temperature (up to 100 °C) operation of thermostable vanadium oxide based microbolometers with Ti/MgF₂ infrared absorbing layer for long wavelength infrared (LWIR) detection, *Applied Surface Science* (2021). DOI: 10.1016/j.apsusc.2021.149142

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