

Artificial neural networks modeled on real brains can perform cognitive tasks

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A new study shows that artificial intelligence networks based on human brain connectivity can perform cognitive tasks efficiently.

By examining MRI data from a large Open Science repository, researchers reconstructed a brain connectivity pattern, and applied it to an [artificial neural network](#) (ANN). An ANN is a computing system

consisting of multiple input and output units, much like the biological brain. A team of researchers from The Neuro (Montreal Neurological Institute-Hospital) and the Quebec Artificial Intelligence Institute trained the ANN to perform a cognitive memory task and observed how it worked to complete the assignment.

This is a unique approach in two ways. Previous work on brain connectivity, also known as connectomics, focused on describing brain organization, without looking at how it actually performs computations and functions. Secondly, traditional ANNs have arbitrary structures that do not reflect how real brain networks are organized. By integrating brain connectomics into the construction of ANN architectures, researchers hoped to both learn how the wiring of the brain supports specific cognitive skills, and to derive novel design principles for artificial networks.

They found that ANNs with human brain connectivity, known as neuromorphic neural networks, performed cognitive memory tasks more flexibly and efficiently than other benchmark architectures. The neuromorphic neural networks were able to use the same underlying architecture to support a wide range of learning capacities across multiple contexts.

"The project unifies two vibrant and fast-paced scientific disciplines," says Bratislav Misic, a researcher at The Neuro and the paper's senior author. "Neuroscience and AI share common roots, but have recently diverged. Using artificial networks will help us to understand how brain structure supports brain function. In turn, using [empirical data](#) to make [neural networks](#) will reveal design principles for building better AI. So, the two will help inform each other and enrich our understanding of the [brain](#)."

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More information: Learning function from structure in neuromorphic networks, *Nature Machine Intelligence* (2021). [DOI: 10.1038/s42256-021-00376-1](https://doi.org/10.1038/s42256-021-00376-1) ,
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