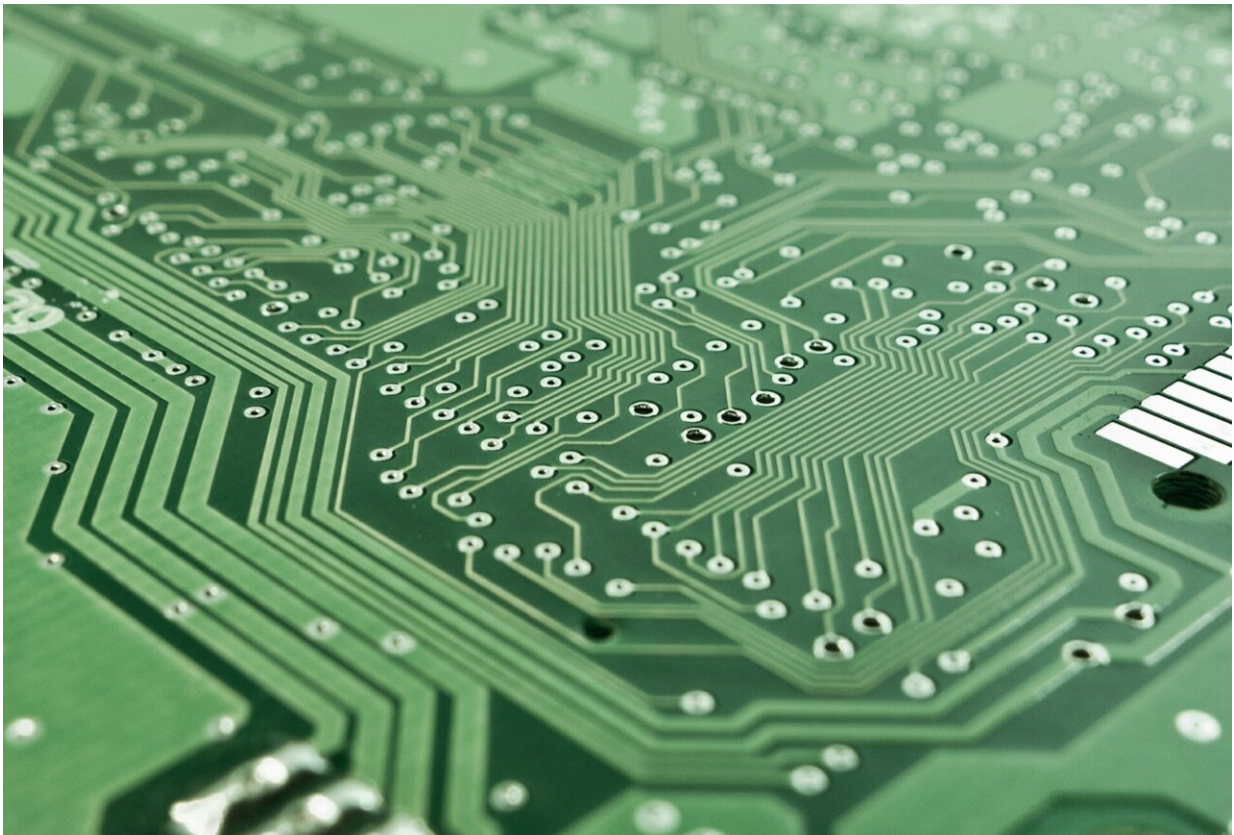


High-performance detection tool for ReDoS-vulnerability

August 16 2021, by Zhang Nannan



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Regular expressions (regexes) are widely used in different fields of computer science. However, the Regular expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) vulnerability forms a class of common and serious algorithmic

complexity attacks.

The existing ReDoS-vulnerability detection tools have defects of low precision or low recall rate due to the lacking of formal and comprehensive detection conditions of ReDoS-vulnerabilities.

A research team led by Prof. Chen Haiming from the Institute of Software of the Chinese Academy of Sciences developed high-performance detection tool for ReDoS-vulnerability.

Their study was issued at USENIX Security Symposium 2021.

Through examining massive ReDoS-vulnerable regexes, Chen's team proposed the ReDoS-vulnerability detection conditions, namely the ReDoS-vulnerability patterns, and gave the necessary conditions for triggering these patterns formally.

Based on this, they developed a static and dynamic combined ReDoS-vulnerability detection [algorithm](#), and designed ReDoSHunter, the ReDoS-vulnerability detection tool.

ReDoSHunter can pinpoint multiple root causes in a vulnerable regex, prescribe the degree of the vulnerability and generate attack-triggering strings, etc. It has achieved 100% precision and recall ratio on datasets of Corpus, RegExLib and Snort with 37,651 regexes.

In detecting the publicly-confirmed practical vulnerabilities in Common Vulnerabilities and Exposure (CVE), ReDoSHunter can detect 100% ReDoS-related CVEs.

In their previous study, Chen's team proposed a programming-by-example framework, FlashRegex, for generating anti-ReDoS regexes by either synthesizing or repairing from given examples. It is the first

framework that integrates regex synthesis and repair with the awareness of ReDoS-vulnerabilities.

FlashRegex can efficiently generate or repair regexes without ReDoS-vulnerabilities, and there're 0 ReDoS-vulnerabilities in repaired regexes.

The study, titled "FlashRegex: deducing anti-ReDoS regexes from examples," was issued at ASE 2020.

More information: Yeting Li et al, FlashRegex, *Proceedings of the 35th IEEE/ACM International Conference on Automated Software Engineering* (2021). [DOI: 10.1145/3324884.3416556](https://doi.org/10.1145/3324884.3416556)

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

Citation: High-performance detection tool for ReDoS-vulnerability (2021, August 16) retrieved 3 May 2024 from <https://techxplore.com/news/2021-08-high-performance-tool-redos-vulnerability.html>

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