

Ohio lured Intel's chip plant with \$2B incentive package

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Intel CEO Patrick Gelsinger, left, talks with Ohio governor Mike DeWine during the announcement on Friday Jan. 21, 2022 in Newark, Ohio, that Intel will invest \$20 billion to build two computer chip factories on a 1,000-acre site in Licking County, Ohio, just east of Columbus. Credit: AP Photo/Paul Vernon



Ohio offered Intel Corp. incentives worth roughly \$2 billion to secure a new \$20 billion chipmaking factory that the company says will help alleviate a global shortage and create a new technology hub in the Midwest.

The state's development director said Friday that the combination of tax breaks and incentives are likely the largest ever offered by Ohio for what state leaders say is the biggest economic development deal in its history.

Santa Clara, California-based Intel, the world's second biggest chipmaker, announced a week ago it had selected a site outside Columbus for two new chip manufacturing facilities.

The complex could grow much larger and more quickly, Intel executives said, if Congress approves a \$52 billion bill that would invest in the chip sector and help ensure more production in the U.S.

Intel CEO Patrick Gelsinger said the total Ohio investment could top \$100 billion over the decade, with six additional factories, making it one of the world's biggest chipmaking sites.

Shortages of computer chips, which are mostly made in Asia and used in everything from handheld video games to automobiles, have become a growing concern and were exposed in the U.S. and Europe during the pandemic.

The U.S. share of the worldwide chip manufacturing market has declined from 37% in 1990 to 12% today, according to the Semiconductor Industry Association.

Intel wants to move quickly on the Ohio plants, which will support its own line of processors and build chips designed by other firms.

Construction is expected to begin this year, with production coming



online at the end of 2025.

Ohio's offer includes \$600 million to help Intel offset the cost of building the factories, which is more expensive than it would be in Asia, said Lydia Mihalik, the state's development director.

The state also will pay nearly \$700 million for roadwork and water infrastructure upgrades, including a system that will allow the plant to reuse wastewater.

The state Legislature this summer approved a 30-year tax break that will allow Intel to save \$650 million.

The state's share will be money well spent because the Intel facility will not only create jobs, but also make Ohio more attractive to industries such as auto, aviation and defense that rely on chips, Mihalik said.

"These investments will not only ensure that this project is successful here, but will also be supporting the region by increasing local infrastructure to support future growth," Mihalik said.

The state's privatized economic development office, JobsOhio, will provide Intel with as much as \$150 million in combined economic development and workforce grants, said Matt Englehart, a JobsOhio spokesperson.

In addition, the city of New Albany said it will give Intel a 30-year, 100% property tax abatement on buildings the company constructs in its business park, The Columbus Dispatch reported.

The two factories on a 1,000-acre site in Licking County, just east of Columbus, are expected to create 3,000 company jobs—many of them highly skilled—and 7,000 construction jobs. The facility will support



tens of thousands of additional jobs for suppliers and partners, Intel and local and state officials said last week.

Ohio beat out 40 other states for the project, state officials said.

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