

Researchers propose novel blind source separation framework for sound mixing

March 22 2022, by Li Yuan



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Blind source separation (BSS) aims to estimate source signals from observed mixtures without prior information about the source or mixing system.

In the case of long reverberation times, the full-rank spatial covariance matrix (SCM) has been introduced, which shows improved separation performances. However, the full-rank SCM is still short of physical meaning.

Recently, researchers from the Institute of Acoustics of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (IACAS) proposed a BSS framework based on the frequency-domain convolution transfer function, which provides a new idea for solving the BSS problem in highly reverberant environments.

The study was published online in *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Audio, Speech, and Language Processing* on Jan. 25.

Without employing the narrowband assumption, they approximated the time-domain convolutive mixture using a frequency-wise convolutive mixture, and proposed a convolution transfer function (CTF)-based multichannel nonnegative matrix factorization (MNMF) framework for BSS in highly reverberant environments.

The full-rank SCM can be derived based on the proposed CTF framework and slowly time-variant source variances, which clearly explains why the full-rank spatial model works well in practice.

Based on the CTF [framework](#), the researchers proposed a CTF-based MNMF algorithm for overdetermined BSS. Experiments showed that the proposed algorithm achieved a higher separation performance in reverberant environments.

More information: Taihui Wang et al, Convolution Transfer Function-Based Multichannel Nonnegative Matrix Factorization for Overdetermined Blind Source Separation, *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Audio, Speech, and Language Processing* (2022). [DOI: 10.1109/TASLP.2022.3145304](#)

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

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