

## New software platform advances understanding of surface finish of manufactured components

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Illustration of the concepts behind contact.engineering, addressing the three central challenges. First, the digital surface twin combines multiple measurements (from multiple techniques) in a statistical description of the



surface of the part or specimen. Second, this representation can be used for surface analytics, and third, it can be shared privately with collaborators, or publicly with a DOI. The hip implant image has been reproduced with permission, copyright Mathys AG Switzerland. Credit: *Surface Topography: Metrology and Properties* (2022). DOI: 10.1088/2051-672X/ac860a/meta

Scientists from the University of Freiburg, Germany, and the University of Pittsburgh have developed a software platform that facilitates and standardizes the analysis of surfaces. The contact.engineering platform enables users to create a digital twin of a surface and thus to help predict, for example, how quickly it wears out, how well it conducts heat, or how well it adheres to other materials.

The team included Dr. Michael Röttger from the Department of Microsystems Engineering, Prof. Lars Pastewka and Antoine Sanner from the Department of Microsystems Engineering and the University of Freiburg's Cluster of Excellence livMatS, and Prof. Tevis Jacobs from the Department of Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science at the University of Pittsburgh's Swanson School of Engineering. They presented the <u>software platform</u> in the journal *Surface Topography: Metrology and Properties*.

## **Topography influences material properties**

All engineered materials have <u>surface roughness</u>, even if they appear smooth when seen with the naked eye. Viewed under a microscope, they resemble the surfaces of a mountain landscape.

"It is of particular interest, in both <u>industrial applications</u> and scientific research, to have precise knowledge of a surface's topography, as this influences properties like the adhesion, friction, wettability, and



durability of the material," says Pastewka.

## Saving time and cost in manufacturing

Manufacturers must carefully control the surface finish of, for example, automobiles or <u>medical devices</u> to ensure proper performance of the final application.

At present, the optimal surface finish is found primarily by a trial-anderror process, where a series of components are made with different machining practices and then their properties are tested to determine which is best.

This is a slow and costly process. "It would be far more efficient to use scientific models to design the optimal topography for a given application, but this is not possible at present," says Jacobs. "It would require scientific advancements in linking topography to properties, and technical advancements in measuring and describing a surface."

The contact.engineering platform facilitates both of these advances and standardizes the procedure: It automatically integrates the various data from different tools, corrects measurement errors, and uses the data to create a digital twin of the surface. The platform calculates statistical metrics and applies mechanical models to the surfaces, helping to predict behavior. "The users can thus identify which topographical features influence which properties. This allows a systematic optimization of finishing processes," says Pastewka.

## **Facilitating open science**

The software platform also serves as a database on which users can share their measurements with colleagues or collaborators. Users can also



choose to make their surface measurements available to the public. When they publish the data, a digital object identifier (DOI) is generated that can be referenced in scientific publications.

"We are continually developing contact engineering and would like to add even more analysis tools, for example for the chemical composition of surfaces," says Pastewka. "The goal is to provide users with a digital twin that is as comprehensive as possible. That's why we also welcome suggestions for improvements to the software platform from users in industry and research."

More information: Michael C Röttger et al,

Contact.engineering—Create, analyze and publish digital surface twins from topography measurements across many scales, *Surface Topography: Metrology and Properties* (2022). DOI: 10.1088/2051-672X/ac860a/meta

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