

## Stretchable battery packaging with moisture and gas barrier could power the future of wearable devices

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Stretchable battery which is packed in liquid metal is strained by hands. Batteries can withstand stretching of more than 50%. Credit: Yokohama National University

Wearable devices have garnered attention for their potential as sensors that could monitor various biomarkers, a means of drug delivery,



medical devices and more. In order for these wearable devices to be functional and practical, they need to have batteries that are stretchable and highly deformable.

While there has been research on how to improve battery flexibility while maintaining battery life and other desirable properties, less attention has been paid to the importance of how to protect batteries from moisture and gases. Because <u>wearable devices</u> are exposed to the atmosphere, it is important to extend <u>battery life</u> while protecting the batteries from <u>atmospheric moisture</u> and <u>gases</u>.

A team of researchers from Yokohama National University in Japan has developed a stretchable packaging film for these batteries with a high gas and moisture barrier functionality, bringing us closer to the possibility of wearable devices with highly deformable batteries as a common technology.

Their results were published in *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces* on September 27.

"Currently, the use of solid and large batteries for stretchable devices is a problem in <u>stretchable electronics</u> ... while sensors and interfaces are soft, batteries still use hard batteries," said corresponding author Hiroki Ota of the Department of Mechanical Engineering at Yokohama National University.

"Soft and stretchable batteries have been studied in the world but cannot be used in air due to the high gas and moisture permeability of the packaging materials of stretchable batteries."

To create this <u>flexible film</u> with a high gas barrier, the researchers coated a thin layer of <u>liquid metal</u> onto a gold-deposited thermoplastic polyurethane film using the layer-by-layer method. This method allowed



for the desired deformability, unlike aluminum-laminated films, which were used previously to address the issue of gas and moisture permeability but failed to allow for the needed flexibility.

According to the researchers, the resulting film shows excellent oxygen gas impermeability under mechanical strain and extremely low moisture permeability. The stretchable lithium-ion battery that they assembled in their study was able to operate reliably in air thanks to the stretchable gas barrier film that they developed.

"It is exciting that in addition to the development of a stretchable battery, which could be used in the next generation of smart devices, including future wearable devices, films with high gas and moisture barrier properties can be achieved by using a novel material called liquid metal," Ota said.

This research holds promise of being able to use batteries that have high energy density, high working voltage and long-term stability and are also highly deformable—as opposed to bulky and inflexible—in wearable devices. As a result, the findings bring wearable devices closer to becoming more practical, which opens up opportunities in medicine and health as well as other fields.

"This research contributes to the social implementation of stretchable devices," Ota said.

Next steps include enhancing the <u>moisture</u> protection ability of the film by modifying the materials. Another future direction is improving the stability of the performance of the batteries, even under deformation, by developing materials better suited for its parts. Making the film cost-effective will also contribute to eventual scalability.

"Further cost reductions of the developed film will lead to the



implementation of stretchable batteries," Ota said. "In addition, the film could be useful as a barrier film for organic electronics and so on."

**More information:** Nyamjargal Ochirkhuyag et al, Stretchable Gas Barrier Films Using Liquid Metal toward a Highly Deformable Battery, *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces* (2022). DOI: 10.1021/acsami,2c13023

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