

An all ambient, room temperature–processed solar cell from a bare silicon wafer



Manufacturing process of PEDOT:PSS solar cell. Credit: KyotoU/Katsuaki Tanabe

Ongoing challenges in solar cell production may partly explain why nonrenewable energy resources—such as coal, oil, and natural gas—have



overshadowed current optoelectronic devices.

Now, researchers at Kyoto University may have found an environmentally friendlier solution with enhanced performance, utilizing PEDOT:PSS/silicon heterojunction solar cells. This hybrid type is made of organic-inorganic material, which could potentially ease the production process compared to conventional silicon-only solar cells.

"We wanted to avoid manufacturing solar cells in vacuums and hightemperature processes, which require large and expensive equipment and a great amount of time," explains lead author Katsuaki Tanabe.

Anticipating a challenge, the team set out to fabricate <u>solar cells</u> from <u>silicon wafers</u> under only ambient temperature and pressure conditions. However, their efforts proved to yield worthy results after optimizing process conditions for the wafers.

These polished wafers were first diced into 8-mm square pieces and coated with PEDOT:PSS <u>aqueous solution</u> and silver electrodes, in a variety of sequences.

"Our approach enabled us to achieve improved production speed at lower cost and with a power generation efficiency above 10%," says the author.

Tanabe's team posits that this new, more efficient production process may lead to large-scale diffusion of photovoltaic power generation. This system could see wider utility in various settings, such as in education or in developing economies.

"Next, we will focus on optimizing impurities and additive concentrations in our production, as well as other structural innovations," concludes Tanabe.



The findings are published in the journal PNAS Nexus.

More information: Kazuya Okamoto et al, An all ambient, room temperature–processed solar cell from a bare silicon wafer, *PNAS Nexus* (2023). DOI: 10.1093/pnasnexus/pgad067

Provided by Kyoto University

Citation: An all ambient, room temperature–processed solar cell from a bare silicon wafer (2023, April 10) retrieved 3 May 2024 from <u>https://techxplore.com/news/2023-04-ambient-room-temperatureprocessed-solar-cell.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.