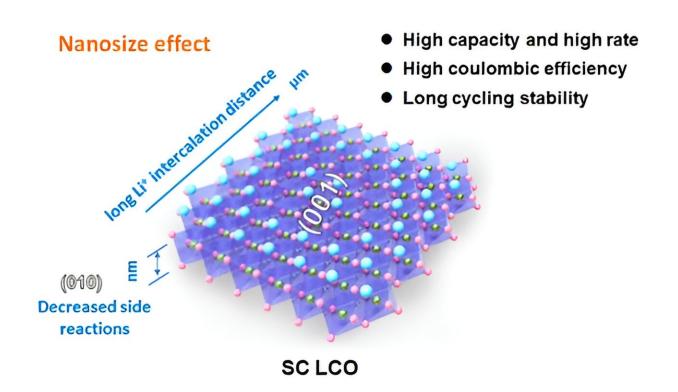


## **2D single-crystalline LiCoO<sub>2</sub> nanosheets** developed for high-performance batterysupercapacitor hybrid devices

February 1 2024, by Liu Jia



Graphical abstract. Credit: *ACS Energy Letters* (2024). DOI: 10.1021/acsenergylett.3c02196

A team led by Prof. Wu Zhongshuai has developed novel 2D atomically thin (001)-oriented single-crystalline  $LiCoO_2$  nanosheets with longer  $Li^+$  intercalation distance and (001) planes dominated surface for high-



performance battery-supercapacitor hybrid devices. This study was published in <u>ACS Energy Letters</u>.

Shorter  $Li^+$  intercalation distance or lower intercalation energy barrier enables fast diffusion in  $Li^+$  intercalation process. However, it has been found that nanosize effect in nanocrystalline  $LiCoO_2$  affects surfaceredox and  $Li^+$  intercalation processes simultaneously.

As the crystallite size decreases, more  $\text{Li}^+$  intercalation processes are replaced by surface-redox processes, which brings about decreased platform capacity, low initial coulombic efficiency, and poor cycle performance. Therefore, the nanosize effect restricts the application of nanostructured LiCoO<sub>2</sub> in "double high" battery-supercapacitor hybrid devices.

To solve this problem, Prof. Wu's team attempted to regulate the nanosize effect by precisely controlling the Li<sup>+</sup> intercalation process and surface-redox process.

The team synthesized micro-sized atomically thin single-crystalline LCO nanosheets (SC-LCO) and nanocrystalline LCO nanosheets (NC-LCO).

Compared with NC-LCO, SC-LCO presented longer Li<sup>+</sup> intercalation distance and decreased side reactions. Both coulombic efficiency and discharge capacity of SC-LCO at 1C (194 mAh g<sup>-1</sup>, 92%) were higher than those of NC-LCO (173 mAh g<sup>-1</sup>, 86%).

The specific capacity of SC-LCO maintained 151 mAh  $g^{-1}$  (83%) after cycling for 500 cycles, which preceded NC-LCO (84 mAh  $g^{-1}$ , 63%).

Moreover, the team fabricated a battery-supercapacitor hybrid device with SC-LCO, which achieved high-energy and high-power, demonstrating the practical applicability of this nanosheets.



**More information:** Feifei Xing et al, Regulating the Nanosize Effect of LiCoO2 for High-Performance Battery-Supercapacitor Hybrid Devices, *ACS Energy Letters* (2024). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1021/acsenergylett.3c02196</u>

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