

## Research team develops low-emission, natural-gas-fueled hybrid truck

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SwRI developed and demonstrated a state-of-the-art natural gas-fueled/hybrid powertrain for medium- and heavy-duty applications. The medium-duty natural gas hybrid demonstration truck reduced greenhouse gases by 25% relative to standard diesel-powered trucks. Credit: Southwest Research Institute



Southwest Research Institute has developed a natural-gas-fueled medium-duty truck outfitted with a hybrid powertrain that achieved a 25% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) over standard diesel powertrains. The vehicle uses an SwRI-designed, spark-ignited natural gas engine coupled with a hybrid powertrain and a 40-kilowatt-hour battery pack.

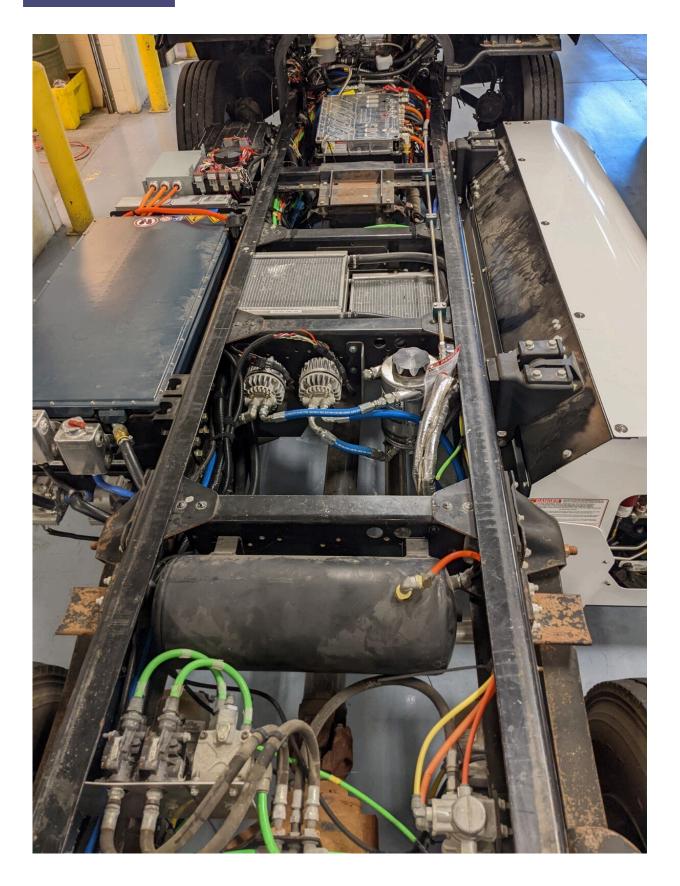
The project was part of a program to promote the development of advanced natural gas vehicle technologies. Isuzu Motors, Woodward Inc. and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) also collaborated on the project.

Using a commercially available medium-duty diesel truck as a baseline for <u>fuel economy</u> and <u>carbon dioxide emissions</u>, the team aimed to develop a new natural gas engine/hybrid powertrain to achieve the best balance of fuel consumption, <u>energy savings</u>, air quality improvement and total cost of ownership.

"The problem with most <u>natural gas engines</u> is that they are usually derived from a diesel engine platform that has been highly optimized for burning <u>diesel fuel</u>," said Ryan Williams, manager of the spark-ignited engine section in SwRI's Powertrain Engineering Division. "For this program, our team completely redesigned the cylinder head around a modern gasoline engine better suited for natural gas. This design approach produced much faster combustion, which opened new pathways for higher efficiency."

The demonstration vehicle integrates a "P2" or hybrid architecture that places a 100 kW <u>electric motor</u> between the engine and the transmission, powered by a 40 kWh battery.







The demonstration vehicle integrates a "P2" or hybrid architecture that places a 100 kW electric motor between the engine and the transmission powered by a 40 kWh battery. This configuration enables seamless switching between an EV mode, engine-only mode or a combined hybrid mode depending on vehicle speed and power demands. Credit: Southwest Research Institute

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"Our engine runs as efficiently as a conventional diesel engine, but it produces 12% less carbon dioxide due to the lower carbon content of the natural gas fuel," Williams said. "The addition of the hybrid powertrain allows us to turn off the engine for large portions of the operating cycle for additional CO<sub>2</sub> reductions. We have shown a 25% reduction in GHG emissions under typical city driving conditions."

In addition to the greenhouse gas reductions, the program also targeted a significant reduction in tailpipe  $NO_x$  emissions. Current regulations limit total  $NO_x$  emissions to 0.2 grams per horsepower-hour, but future regulations to be phased in by 2027 will require 80–90% reductions. Using a standard three-way catalyst, the vehicle demonstrated compliance with the most stringent standard of 0.02 g/hp-hr.

## Provided by Southwest Research Institute

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