

New survey finds positive perceptions of solar projects

April 24 2024



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As solar energy development accelerates, how do Americans actually feel about those large scale solar, or LSS, farms they see along the highway or near their neighborhood? A new survey has found that for



residents living within three miles of a large-scale solar development, positive attitudes outnumbered negative attitudes by almost a 3–to–1 margin.

Researchers at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Michigan State University and the University of Michigan surveyed almost 1,000 residents living near <u>solar projects</u>—the first time a <u>representative</u> <u>survey</u> of this kind has been deployed nationally.

Among these respondents, 42% support additional development in their community, compared to 18% who would oppose further projects. At the same time, more than 80% of the respondents were unaware of the project prior to construction and a third did not know until completing the survey.

Doug Bessette, associate professor for <u>energy systems</u> in the Department of Community Sustainability at Michigan State University's College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, was one of the leads on the project.

"The responses from residents were generally positive, which is good to see considering the amount of solar that is likely to be developed in the coming years," Bessette said. "At the same time, we saw more negative attitudes associated with larger projects and somewhat less support among neighbors living really close, within a quarter mile of projects, so there's a lot of work to be done."

Positive attitudes were indeed more common among residents living farther from LSS projects than for those living closer to them. The largest projects tend to provoke negative attitudes, while projects under 100 megawatts—those requiring less than roughly 600 acres or one square mile—tend to receive mostly positive responses. Factors like aesthetics, economics and perceptions of fairness in the planning process strongly influence attitudes.



Residents largely oppose increased state-level decision-making on future LSS siting, preferring increased opportunities for community participation and feedback. They also expressed a preference for local hiring, procurement and ownership. For reliable information about what impact a proposed project might have on their community, residents trust existing energy project neighbors, community organizations and university staff.

Jake White, a doctoral student, who contributed to the survey, said, "Our findings show that LSS neighbors want to be engaged more, with respondents strongly supporting increased opportunities for participation in planning processes. This demonstrates a big opportunity for improvement in LSS planning processes—hopefully leading to better outcomes for all."

When it comes to future LSS projects, respondents favored disturbed sites, such as landfills, as opposed to farmland. There is also a need for communications efforts to increase awareness and engage neighbors when projects come to communities.

So while there is more work to be done, this survey's results indicate moderate support for solar going forward, with further analysis planned to gauge influencing factors and address equity concerns.

More information: <u>Perceptions of Large-Scale Solar Project</u> <u>Neighbors: Results From a National Survey</u>

Provided by Michigan State University



Citation: New survey finds positive perceptions of solar projects (2024, April 24) retrieved 5 May 2024 from https://techxplore.com/news/2024-04-survey-positive-perceptions-solar.html

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