

Updated software improves slicing for largeformat 3D printing

July 1 2024, by Greg Cunningham



The full process for additive manufacturing as represented by a sphere to show the CAD design, wireframe mesh creation, toolpath generation and 3D printing process. Credit: Abby K. Barnes/ORNL, U.S. Dept. of Energy

Researchers at the Department of Energy's Oak Ridge National Laboratory have developed the first additive manufacturing slicing computer application to simultaneously speed and simplify digital



conversion of accurate, large-format three-dimensional parts in a factory production setting.

The technology, known as Slicer 2, can help widen the use of 3D printing for larger objects made from metallic and composite materials. Objects the size of a house and beyond are possible, such as land and aquatic vehicles and aerospace applications that include parts for reusable space vehicles.

Slicing software converts a computer-aided design, or CAD, digital model into a series of two-dimensional layers called slices. It calculates print parameters for each slice, such as printhead path and speed, and saves the information in numerically controlled computer language. The computer file contains instructions for a 3D printer to create a precise 3D version of the image.

"The quality of a 3D-printed object is directly related to the accuracy and complexity of the toolpaths that control the machine's movements," said ORNL researcher Alex Roschli. "ORNL Slicer 2 software connects directly with various types of 3D printers to create an integrated platform and communicates with sensors to increase print accuracy."





ORNL Slicer 2 screen capture showing the 45-degree toolpath for printing a wind turbine blade mold. Credit: Alex Roschli/ORNL, U.S. Dept. of Energy

Researchers designed ORNL Slicer 2 with more than 500 settings that control the internal structure, shape, temperature and other parameters of individual parts, layers or regions. It also interfaces with <u>simulation</u> <u>software</u> that shows complex heat and stress relationships during the additive <u>manufacturing</u> process. The software works with pellet thermoplastic, filament thermoplastic, thermoset, concrete, laser wire welding, MIG welding and blown-powder directed-energy deposition additive manufacturing systems.

"This connectivity translates into improved machine commands that increase reliability and repeatability of the additive manufacturing process," said Roschli. "The result of this software is that additive manufacturers can produce large factory parts with fewer machines and less cost than traditional machining methods."



ORNL Slicer 2 is an open-source computer program available on <u>GitHub</u> and used by more than 50 equipment manufacturers, industrial end users and universities.

Provided by Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Citation: Updated software improves slicing for large-format 3D printing (2024, July 1) retrieved 2 July 2024 from <u>https://techxplore.com/news/2024-07-software-slicing-large-format-3d.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.