

Canada and Australia to coordinate on tech regulation: Ottawa

24 February 2021



Canadian Prime Minister Justin Trudeau, pictured in June 2020, spoke with his Australian counterpart about online platform regulation

Canadian Prime Minister Justin Trudeau and his Australian counterpart Scott Morrison plan to coordinate their efforts to make tech giants pay media outlets for their content, Ottawa said Tuesday after a conversation between the two leaders.

"The prime ministers noted the growing cooperation between Canada and Australia on the regulation of online platforms," a statement from the Canadian prime minister's office said.

"They agreed to continue coordinating efforts to address online harm and ensure the revenues of web giants are shared more fairly with creators and media."

Their conversation, which took place Monday, came after Facebook blocked Australian users from accessing [news content](#) on its platform in response to a regulatory bill being considered in the country's Parliament.

The US social media giant announced Tuesday, however, it would remove the news ban after the move sparked outrage in Australia and internationally.

The Australian bill, the first of its kind in the world, is vehemently opposed by tech titans thanks to provisions which would govern the online financial relationship between such companies and media.



Prime Minister Scott Morrison, pictured in March 2020, has angrily accused Facebook of making a decision to "unfriend" Australia

Canada, the European Union and others have also sought to regulate major tech sector players, especially Google, Amazon, Facebook and Apple, including via France's 2019 tech tax.

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has led the effort to establish such a tax at the international level.

© 2021 AFP

APA citation: Canada and Australia to coordinate on tech regulation: Ottawa (2021, February 24)
retrieved 8 December 2021 from <https://techxplore.com/news/2021-02-canada-australia-tech-ottawa.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.