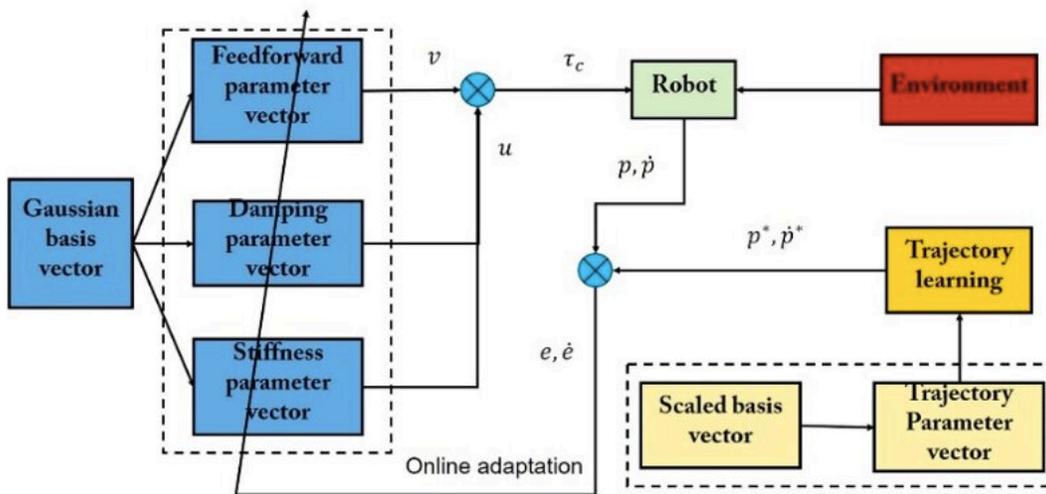


An approach to achieve compliant robotic manipulation inspired by human adaptive control strategies

July 1 2021, by Ingrid Fadelli



The diagram of the proposed biomimetic control strategy. The yellow blocks represent the trajectory learning part completed before the reproduction of the task; the blue blocks represent the online adaptation of the feedforward force and the impedance required to deal with the interaction force from the environment. Credit: Zeng et al.

Over the past few decades, roboticists have created increasingly advanced and sophisticated robotics systems. While some of these systems are highly efficient and achieved remarkable results, they still

perform far poorly than humans on several tasks, including those that involve grasping and manipulating objects.

Researchers from Guangdong University of Technology, Politecnico di Milano, University of Sussex and Bristol Robotics Laboratory (BRL) at University of the West of England have recently developed a [model](#) that could help to improve [robot](#) manipulation. This model, presented in a paper published in IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics, draws inspiration from how humans adapt their manipulation strategies based on the task they are trying to complete.

"Humans have the remarkable ability to deal with [physical contact](#) and complete dynamic tasks, such as curving, cutting and assembly, optimally and compliantly," Professor Chenguang Yang, the corresponding author for the paper working at BRL, told TechXplore. "Although these tasks are easy for humans, they are quite challenging for robots to perform, even advanced ones."

According to Professor Yang and his colleagues, one of the reasons that many robots struggle with manipulation tasks is that they lack an innate human skill called adaptable compliance. This skill allows humans to adapt their movements and manipulation strategies according to the interactive force with the object they are trying to manipulate.

To replicate this capability in robots, the researchers drew inspiration from neuroscience studies, particularly those related to human motor control. In contrast with other approaches developed in the past, their model encodes task-specific parametric movement trajectories, which are associated with dynamic trajectories that include information about impedance and feedforward force profiles.



A human user teaching a robot to perform an insertion task. Credit: Zeng et al.

"Our work focuses on the topic of how to enable robots to learn compliant manipulation skills from humans," Professor Yang said. "The core goal of our research was to develop learning and control approaches allowing robots to deal with physical interactions and contact-rich tasks in a compliant manner."

The approach draws inspiration from a control biomimetic model that

describes how humans learn to adaptively control their muscle movements to complete manipulation tasks. The new model thus allows robots to simultaneously acquire information about impedance and force as they execute movement trajectories attained from a human demonstration of the task they are learning to complete.

"Our approach enables robots to adapt their compliance dynamically during the execution of a [task](#), thanks to the [human](#) motor control mechanism," Professor Yang said. "Overall, our work shows that biomimetic learning control could be a promising solution to allow robots to learn manipulation skills from humans."

In the future, the model could help to improve the manipulation skills of both existing and newly developed robots, facilitating their integration in a variety of real-world settings. For instance, it could lead to robots that are better at completing industrial tasks that involve force interactions, such as cutting, drilling and polishing.

"In the future, we will try to improve our approach in several ways, for instance by optimizing the adaptation profiles using optimization techniques, such as reinforcement learning; and utilizing more modalities to make it a multimodal learning and control framework," Professor Yang added.

More information: An approach for robotic learning inspired by biomimetic adaptive control. *IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics*(2021). [DOI: 10.1109/TII.2021.3087337](https://doi.org/10.1109/TII.2021.3087337).

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